What will it take for Deployment and Regulation of Advanced Nuclear Systems Internationally?

ANS Risk-informed, Performance-based Principles and Policy Committee (RP3C) Community of Practice

United States

30 June 2023

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Nuclear

Industry

Council

Topics

> International Nuclear Deployment

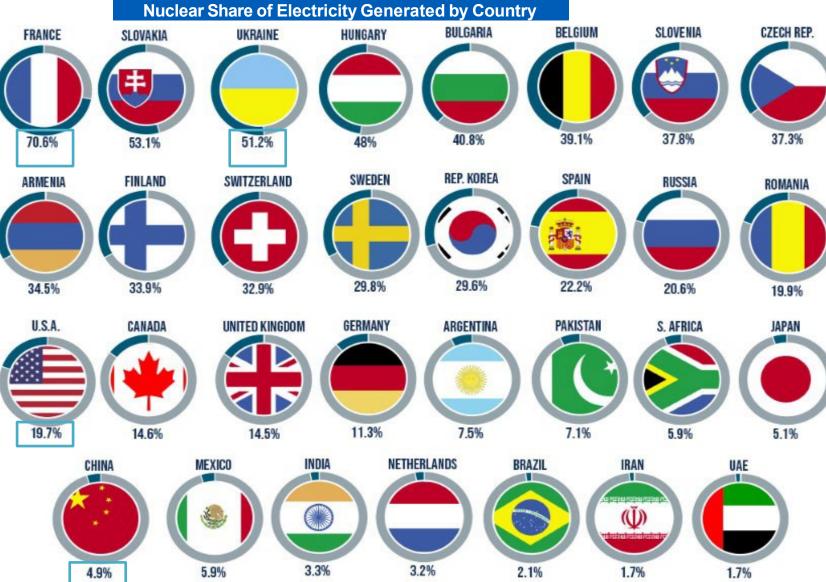
- Existing Nuclear
- New Nuclear technologies
- Driving Forces & Financing
- Advanced Nuclear Reports
- Markets

> International Regulatory Collaboration

- Goals & desired outcomes from regulatory collaboration (USNIC)
- Nuclear Harmonization and Standardization Initiative (IAEA)
- European SMR Pre-Partnership
- ELSMOR/TANDEM
- Cooperation in Reactor Design Evaluation & Licensing (CORDEL)
- Multi-lateral initiatives
- Issues

International Nuclear Deployment: Markets, Technologies, Financing

International Existing Nuclear

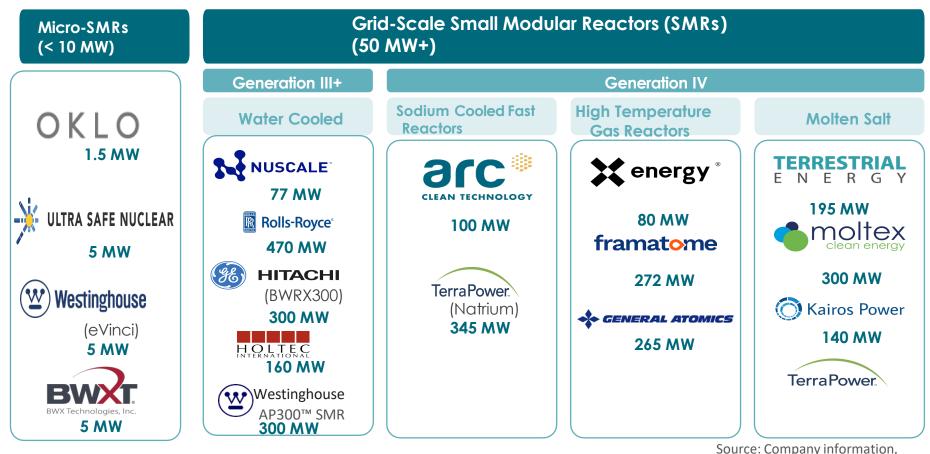


Regulations for New Nuclear

- Industry needs to understand different regulations and approaches for each country (prescriptive vs goal setting)
- Industry/associations
 work with licensing
 harmonization groups to
 develop regulatory
 approaches to new
 nuclear

Note: each country's short-form name is used. Source: IAEA, Power Reactor Information System database, as of June 2021 for 2020 Prepared 2023 by GE Hitachi Nuclear Energy Americas, LLC

New Nuclear – different technologies and sizes



Generation IV Safety Report; compiled by ARC Clean Technology)

• For more worldwide technologies, see Nuclear Energy Agency Small Modular Reactor Dashboard (78 pages, March 2023, details on 21 SMRs worldwide)

https://www.oecd-nea.org/jcms/pl 78743/the-nea-small-modular-reactor-dashboard

Driving Forces & Financing Support for Deployment

Driving forces

- Zero Carbon Goals for electricity and industry
- Geostrategic—vs. Russia & China
- Job creation

U.S. programs to support U.S. exports of Advanced Nuclear projects

- U.S. Export-Import (EXIM) bank
- U.S. International Finance Corporation (DFC)
- U.S. State Department Foundational Infrastructure for Responsible Use of Small Modular Reactor Technology (FIRST) program
- U.S. Commerce
- U.S. Trade & Development Administration
- U.S. DOE Loan Program Office

Plus Inflation Reduction Act and other financial incentives

Advanced Nuclear 2023 Reports

Small Modular Reactor Technologies

 Nuclear Energy Agency Small Modular Reactor Dashboard (78 pages, March 2023, details on 21 SMRs worldwide)

https://www.oecd-nea.org/jcms/pl 78743/the-nea-small-modular-reactor-dashboard

Commercialization and Financing

 DOE/Office of Clean Energy Demonstrations report on "Pathways to Commercial Liftoff: Advanced Nuclear", <u>Pathways to Commercial Liftoff - Advanced Nuclear</u> (62 pages, March 2023). [Industrial Decarbonization later in 2023)

Assessment

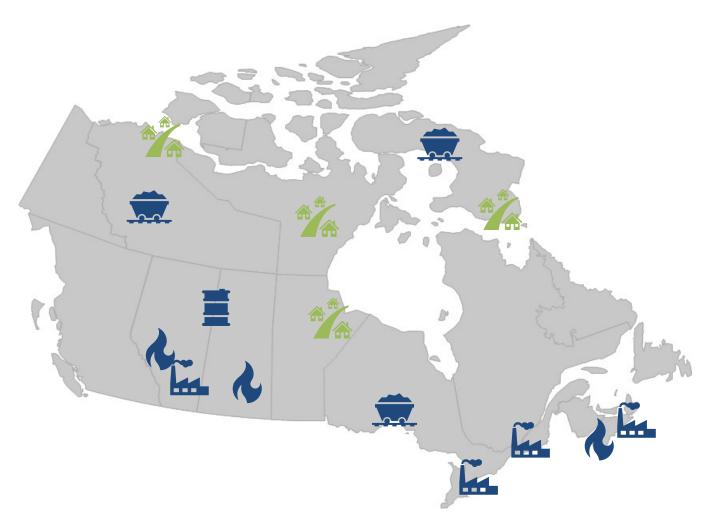
- National Academies, "Laying the Foundation for New and Advanced Nuclear Reactors in the United States" (Richard Meserve, Chair), (278 pages, 27 Apr 2023)
 https://r.smartbrief.com/resp/qJyeCnfOltDwdKaACigacTCicNmbZS
- EPRI/NEI North American Roadmap (66 pages; May 2023)
 https://www.epri.com/research/programs/065093/results/000000003002027504

Advanced Nuclear Markets

- Electricity (TVA, Ontario Power, Nuclearelectrica- Romania)
- Industrial: Process Heat and 24/7 electricity (Dow, Nucor)
- Remote/small facilities

Issues include supply chain

Example: Canadian Roadmap Found Significant Market Potential for SMRs





Steam for "steam-assisted gravity drainage" and electricity for upgrading facilities



29 coal-fired units in Canada at 17 facilities that can be replaced by SMRs



heavy industry locations (chemicals, refining, etc.)



SMRs could facilitate and enable new mining developments



remote communities in Canada with energy needs >1 Mwe

Likely serviced by micro-SMRs that can replace costly diesel & heating oil

International regulatory collaboration— Goals and desired outcomes

Harmonization hopes

Phase 3

Aspiration

Alignment of requirements / approaches

Mutual validation and acceptance of regulatory assessments

Phase 2

Mid-term goals

- Define approach to acceptance on key safety criteria
- Define scope of areas that can be accepted /validated from one regulator to another

Safety recognition with limited reciprocity

Reciprocity

(not likely)

Near-term objectives

Phase 1

- Align existing activities
- Understanding of intra-regulator working practices
- Share information and agree common terms

Technical cooperation and recognition

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Goals for International Nuclear Regulatory Collaboration

- **A. Efficient, in time and resources**, for developers and operators to obtain approval of their **initial** safe advanced nuclear reactor system designs
- B. More efficient, in time and resources, for developers and operators to obtain approval of 2nd, 3rd, 4th and subsequent license applications for identical or similar advanced nuclear designs already approved by one regulator in the same country or different countries
- C. Coordination and synchronization of regulatory approaches from countries that will use **co-approval and co-certification** (perhaps with joint safety assessments or joint recognition assessments, and regulators having access to previously approved designs)—some countries want own in-detail assessments
- D. Standard or generic approach that enables regulatory authorities to accept **levels of review, and methodologies** by other regulatory authorities to inform their efforts to effectively permit, design certify, and/or license the nuclear reactor technology(s) in their country
- E. Collaboration that results in a **single**, **cost-effective design that can be deployed** in more than a couple countries with no design changes other than those driven by site-specific characteristics
- **F. Site-specific approvals** that can be done expeditiously and effectively when sufficient site characterization and reactor safety design data are available
- G. Improved speed of cost-competitive nuclear reactor deployment by rapid sharing of regulatory and operational lessons learned



Approach for International Nuclear Regulatory Collaboration

- 1. Phased approach
- **2. Multi-lateral cooperation** to deploy a specific design (e.g., France, Sweden, Czech for EDF NUWARD; NRC and CNSC for GE-Hitachi BWRX-300 with UK and Poland Multi-lateral information exchanges)
- 3. International regulatory collaboration for **newcomer** countries
- 4. International **codes and standards** collaborations (e.g., with American Nuclear Society, ASME, CSA, NRC, CNSC, Nuclear Safety Standards Commission (KTA), IAEA, World Nuclear Association's CORDEL, International Organization for Standardization).
- 5. International cooperation in training and technical **information dissemination** on assessment technologies
- 6. Lessons learned on regulatory experience, and construction and operation
- 7. Regulatory reviews addressing **aspects** of the design review / certification process that are **independent of siting** can be used in future applications of the same design in different countries
- 8. Regulatory design review and certification process collaboration that leads to individual regulator's approvals of specific "building blocks" of an application / design review that can be directly referenced and used by other international regulators



International regulatory collaboration— Activities Underway

(Challenge: Harmonizing the Harmonizers)

Note: some slides from Allan Carson, World Nuclear Association

IAEA Nuclear Harmonization & Standardization Initiative

(NHSI)

UCLEAR Advanced ARMONIZATION & TANDARDIZATION INITIATIVE Nuclear Reactors Secure Global Safe and Effective

Harmonization of Regulatory Approaches Track WG1: Framework for information exchange

WG2: International pre-licensing regulatory reviews

WG3: Leveraging other regulatory reviews

IAEA as facilitator within and between the tracks

Topic 1: Harmonization of high-level user requirements
 Topic 2: Information sharing on Codes and Standards

 Topic 3: Experimental Testing and Validation for Design and Safety Analysis Computer Codes

 Topic 4: Acceleration of nuclear infrastructure implementation for SMR Regulators

Governments

Technology Holders

Operators and other end-users

International
Organisations
and Associations

Harmonization and Standardization of Industrial Approaches Track

27 June 2023 Plenary Meeting (Grossi: 9 benefits)

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European Union SMR Pre-partnership







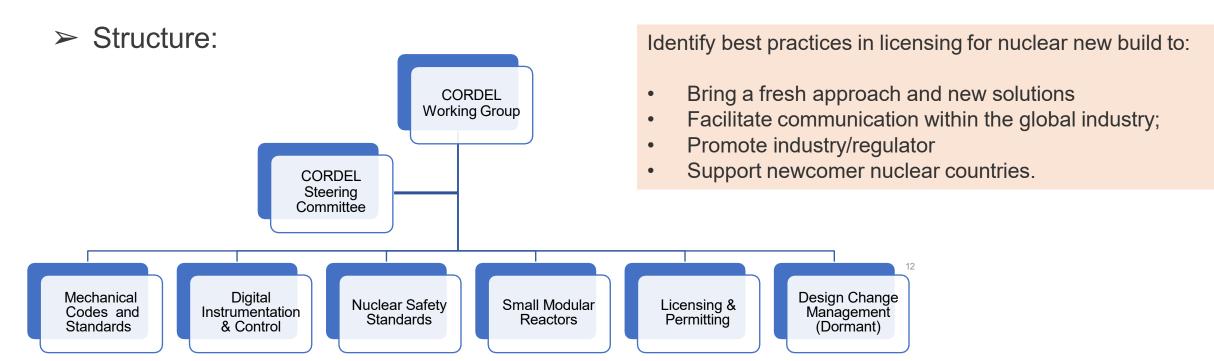


- Identify enabling conditions and constraints, including financial ones, towards safe design, construction and operation of SMRs in Europe
 - 5 WorkStreams
 - WS1: Market analysis (nucleareurope)
 - WS2: Licensing (ENSREG)
 - WS3: Financing (nucleareurope)
 - WS4: Supply chain adaptation (nucleareurope)
 - WS5: Innovation, research & development (SNETP)

Workstream reports may be released 30 June 2023; stakeholder event in 3 October 2023- Brussels

World Nuclear Association's Cooperation in Reactor Design Evaluation & Licensing (CORDEL)

- Mission Statement:
 - To promote the standardization of nuclear reactor designs and harmonized approaches to licensing.



World Nuclear Association Working Group meetings 4-6 Sept 2023 – London

ELSMOR (European Licensing of Small MOdular Reactors)























- Project aims at investigating selected safety features of LW-SMRs
- Focus on safety justification methodology for potentially challenging safety features of LW-SMRs
- Project website: www.elsmor.eu

 Funded from the Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018 under Grant Agreement No. 847553

TANDEM





































- Commenced in Sept 2022 36-month duration
- Objectives
 - Assess safety compliance of SMR integrated into energy systems
 - Provide guidance for deployment of SMRs and their integration in hybrid energy systems (electricity, heat, hydrogen)
 - Create an enabling environment to create hybrid energy systems based on SMRs

Current Multi-lateral Initiatives

- Ontario Power Generation / TVA / GE-Hitachi / CNSC / US NRC joint review activities for GE-H BWRX-300
 - Early in development of work plans (including steel brick construction, safety methodology, fuel design)
 - Building upon Memo of Cooperation activities between CSNC and US NRC over last 3 years
- France / Finland / Czech Republic joint review activities for EDF NUWARD
 - Early in review of 6 topic areas
 - Safety objectives and study rules
 - List of Design basis conditions
 - Use of passive cooling systems
 - Development plan for computer codes validation and verification
 - Incorporation of two reactors into one installation (multi-module considerations)
 - Probabilistic Safety Assessment

International regulatory collaboration– Issues

Regulators

collaboration Regulatory

Industry

22 Draffin

Multiple harmonization initiatives – still work to do

Achievements



Common Standards & Regulatory Guides **SMR Regulators Forum NHSI**



Multinational Design Evaluation Partnership (MDEP)

· Common positions on specific technical issues



Implementation of nuclear safety directive

 Supporting member states EU SMR partnership



Safety Reference Levels

- Expected practices to be used in member countries
- Method of incorporation of outputs into member states frameworks



NUWARD Licensing agreement

Increasing knowledge of regulatory practices at the European level





Bilateral Memoranda of cooperation

- · Assessment of frameworks and areas for greater attention
- Joint early review of BWRX-300



CORDEL Working Group

- Mapping of initiatives and achievements
- Development of strategies to streamline international licensing
- · Coordination of industry standards alignment



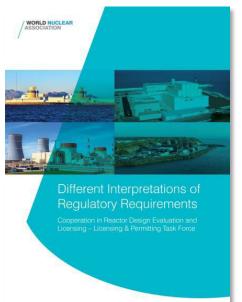


Owner/Operator Requirements

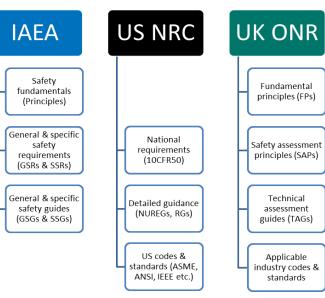
- · Common set of requirements for utilities recent efforts on SMRs
- · Increased confidence in regional nuclear markets

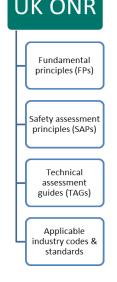
of Number

Areas of Focus for Reactor Evaluation and Licensing









- General Licensing
- > Defense-in-depth
- > Postulated initiating events
- > Internal & external hazards
- > Common cause failure
- ➤ Design limits
- > Engineering design rules
- Safety classification
- ➤ Control systems
- > Protection systems





Technology Inclusive and Risk-Informed Reviews for Advanced Reactors: Comparing the US **Licensing Modernization Project with the Canadian** Regulatory Approach





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Plans to move forward together

Regulation: Effective collaboration among international organizations, regulators, and industry to streamline international licensing and regulatory frameworks

➤ **Deployment**: Achieve Nth-of-a-kind cost-effective reliable deployment models for range of reactor designs and applications through global approaches to markets, regulation, and project financing