

Contents

Preface	xiii
Preface to the 2000 Printing	xvi
1 Introduction	1
1.1 Historical Roots	2
1.1.1 The Early Years	2
1.1.2 The Origins of Modern Shielding Practice	4
1.1.3 Modern Developments	4
1.1.4 Regulatory Development	6
1.2 Radiation Shielding Institutions	7
1.2.1 Professional Societies and Journals	8
1.3 Radiation Protection Institutions	8
1.3.1 United Nations Organizations	9
1.3.2 Governmental Organizations in the United States	9
1.4 Important Sources of Shielding Information	10
1.5 Final Remarks	12
2 Characterization of Radiation Fields and Sources	15
2.1 Directions and Solid Angles	16
2.2 Fundamental Radiation Field Variables	17
2.2.1 Fluence and Fluence Rate	17
2.2.2 Net Flow and Net Flow Rate	18
2.2.3 Other Definitions	19
2.3 Directional Properties of the Radiation Field	19
2.3.1 Properties of the Fluence	19
2.3.2 Transformation of Variables	20
2.3.3 Angular Properties of the Flow and Flow Rate	21
2.4 Representations of Angular Dependence	22
2.5 General Specification of Radiation Sources	23
2.6 Distributed and Discrete Variables	25

3 Interaction of Radiation with Matter	28
3.1 Interaction Coefficient	28
3.2 Microscopic Cross Section	30
3.3 Conservation Laws for Scattering Reactions	31
3.3.1 Conservation of Momentum	31
3.3.2 Conservation of Energy	32
3.3.3 Application of the Conservation Laws	33
3.3.4 Scattering of Photons by Free Electrons	33
3.3.5 Scattering of Neutrons by Atomic Nuclei	34
3.3.6 Limiting Cases in Classical Mechanics of Elastic Scattering	38
3.3.7 Elastic Scattering of Electrons and Heavy Charged Particles	39
3.4 Cross Sections for Photon Interactions	39
3.4.1 Thomson Cross Section for Incoherent Scattering	40
3.4.2 Klein-Nishina Cross Section for Incoherent Scattering	40
3.4.3 Incoherent Scattering Cross Sections for Bound Electrons	41
3.4.4 Coherent (Rayleigh) Scattering	42
3.4.5 Photoelectric Effect	44
3.4.6 Pair Production	45
3.4.7 Photon Attenuation Coefficients	45
3.4.8 Compton Absorption and Scattering Cross Sections	46
3.4.9 Photoelectric Absorption Cross Section	47
3.4.10 Absorption Cross Section for Pair Production	48
3.4.11 Corrections for Radiative Energy Loss	48
3.5 Neutron Interactions	49
3.5.1 Classification of Types of Interactions	50
3.5.2 Cross Sections for Neutron Scattering	56
3.5.3 Average Energy Transfer in Neutron Scattering	58
3.5.4 Radiative Capture of Neutrons	60
3.6 Charged-Particle Interactions	61
3.6.1 Collisional Energy Loss	62
3.6.2 Electron Radiative Energy Loss	67
3.6.3 Charged-Particle Range	69
3.6.4 Residual-Range Concept	72
3.6.5 Electron Radiation Yield	72
4 Common Radiation Sources Encountered in Shield Design	80
4.1 Neutron Sources	80
4.1.1 Fission Neutrons	80
4.1.2 Photoneutrons	84
4.1.3 Neutrons from (α, n) Reactions	86
4.1.4 Activation Neutrons	91
4.1.5 Fusion Neutrons	92
4.2 Sources of Gamma Photons	92
4.2.1 Radioactive Sources	92

4.2.2	Prompt Fission Gamma Photons	93
4.2.3	Gamma Photons from Fission Products	94
4.2.4	Capture Gamma Photons	101
4.2.5	Gamma Photons from Inelastic Neutron Scattering	103
4.2.6	Activation Gamma Photons	103
4.2.7	Annihilation Radiation	104
4.3	Sources of X Rays	105
4.3.1	Characteristic X Rays	105
4.3.2	Bremsstrahlung	108
4.3.3	X-Ray Machines	111
5	Photon and Neutron Response Functions	121
5.1	Dosimetric Quantities	121
5.1.1	Energy Imparted, Specific Energy, and Lineal Energy	123
5.1.2	Deterministic Quantities	123
5.1.3	Absorbed Dose	124
5.1.4	Kerma	124
5.1.5	Exposure	124
5.1.6	Linear Energy Transfer	125
5.2	Dose Equivalent Quantities	126
5.2.1	Quality Factor	126
5.3	Concept of Radiation Response Function	129
5.4	Local Response Functions for Point Targets	130
5.5	Charged-Particle Equilibrium	131
5.6	Local Response Functions for Neutrons	134
5.7	Local Response Functions for Photons	137
5.7.1	Photon Energy Deposition Coefficients	137
5.7.2	Photon Kerma, Absorbed Dose, and Dose Equivalent	139
5.7.3	Photon Exposure	141
5.7.4	Selection of Proper Mass Energy Deposition Coefficients	141
5.8	Response Functions for the Human as Target	144
5.8.1	Characterization of Ambient Radiation	144
5.8.2	Response Functions Based on Simple Geometric Phantoms	145
5.8.3	Response Functions Based on Anthropomorphic Phantoms	147
5.8.4	Comparison of Response Functions	149
6	Basic Methods for Radiation Dose Calculations	155
6.1	Uncollided Radiation	156
6.1.1	Exponential Attenuations	156
6.1.2	Mean-Free-Path Length	157
6.1.3	Uncollided Dose from a Point Source	157
6.1.4	Point Kernel for the Uncollided Dose	160
6.2	Uncollided Doses from Distributed Sources	161
6.2.1	Line Source	161

6.2.2	Disk Source	164
6.2.3	Rectangular Area Source	167
6.2.4	Spherical Surface Source	169
6.2.5	Frustrum of a Cone	169
6.2.6	Infinite Slab Source	170
6.2.7	Cylindrical Volume Source	171
6.3	Point-Kernel Concept for Total Dose	173
6.3.1	Dose in Terms of the Green's Function of Transport Theory	173
6.3.2	Point Kernel for the Total Dose	174
6.3.3	Isotropic Detector Without Spatial Dependence	175
6.3.4	Infinite Homogeneous Medium	175
6.3.5	Examples of Point Kernels	176
6.4	Generalized Method for an Infinite Homogeneous Medium	177
6.4.1	Volumetric Sources	178
6.4.2	Absorbed Fraction and Reduction Factor	180
6.4.3	Advantages of the Generalized Approach	181
6.4.4	Limiting Source or Target Volumes	182
6.4.5	Reciprocity Theorem	182
6.4.6	Extension to Nonuniform and Surface Sources	183
6.4.7	Infinite Cylindrical Sources	184
6.5	Calculation of Geometric Factors	185
6.5.1	Analytical Calculation of Geometry Factors	185
6.5.2	Examples of Geometry Factors and Point-Pair Distributions	185
6.5.3	Uncollided Dose Examples Using Geometry Factors	188
6.5.4	Monte Carlo Evaluation of Geometry Factors and Point-Pair Distance Distributions	189
6.5.5	Multiregion Geometries	191
6.5.6	Basic Geometry Factors for One-Dimensional Problems	192
6.5.7	Examples of Multiple Regions	193
6.6	Effect of Density Variations	195
6.6.1	Theorems for Density Variations	196
6.6.2	Point Kernels in Media with Density Variations	198
6.6.3	Modified Point-Pair Distance Distributions	199
6.6.4	Modified Geometry Factors	199
6.6.5	Example of a Modified Point-Pair Distance Distribution	200
6.6.6	Example Problem Using Modified Geometry Factors	200
6.7	Geometric Transformations	203
6.7.1	Circular Area (Disk)-to-Point Source Transformation	203
6.7.2	Volume-to-Surface Source Transformation	204
7	Special Techniques for Photons	214
7.1	Photon Buildup-Factor Concept	215
7.1.1	Isotropic, Monoenergetic Sources in Infinite Media	215
7.1.2	Comparison of Buildup Factors for Point and Plane Sources	218

7.1.3	Empirical Approximations for Point-Source Buildup Factors	220
7.1.4	Point-Kernel Applications of Buildup Factors	223
7.2	Buildup Factors for Heterogeneous Media	225
7.2.1	Boundary Effects in Finite Media	225
7.2.2	Treatment of Stratified Media	227
7.3	Broad-Beam Attenuation of Photons	229
7.3.1	Attenuation Factors for Monoenergetic Photon Beams	229
7.3.2	Attenuation of Oblique Beams of Monoenergetic Photons	231
7.3.3	Attenuation Factors for X-Ray Beams	231
7.3.4	The Half-Value Thickness	234
7.4	Photon Albedo Concept	235
7.4.1	Differential Number Albedo	236
7.4.2	Integrals of Albedo Functions	237
7.4.3	Application of the Albedo Method	237
7.4.4	Single-Scatter Albedo	239
7.4.5	Approximation for the Single-Scatter Dose Albedo	240
7.4.6	Chilton-Huddleston Formula	240
7.4.7	Photon Albedo Data	241
7.5	Photon Streaming Through Ducts	242
7.5.1	Characterization of Incident Radiation	244
7.5.2	Line-of-Sight Component for Straight Ducts	245
7.5.3	Wall-Penetration Component for Straight Ducts	248
7.5.4	Single-Scatter Wall-Reflection Component	248
7.5.5	Transmission of Gamma Rays Through Two-Legged Rectangular Ducts	250
7.6	Shield Heterogeneities	252
7.6.1	Limiting Case for Small Discontinuities	253
7.6.2	Small Randomly Distributed Discontinuities	253
7.6.3	Large Well-Defined Heterogeneities	255
7.7	Gamma-Ray Skyshine	256
7.7.1	Open Silo Example	257
7.7.2	Shielded Skyshine Sources	259
8	Special Techniques for Neutrons	269
8.1	Differences Between Neutron and Photon Calculations	271
8.1.1	Buildup Factors	271
8.1.2	Neutron Dose Units	272
8.2	Fission Neutron Attenuation by Hydrogen	273
8.3	Removal Cross Sections	279
8.3.1	Extensions of the Removal-Cross-Section Model	282
8.4	Fast-Neutron Attenuation Without Hydrogen	288
8.5	Calculation of the Intermediate and Thermal Fluences	291
8.5.1	Diffusion Theory for Thermal Neutron Calculations	291

8.5.2	Fermi Age Treatment for Thermal and Intermediate-Energy Neutrons	293
8.5.3	Removal-Diffusion Techniques	295
8.6	Capture-Gamma-Photon Attenuation	300
8.6.1	Response from Uncollided Photons	303
8.6.2	Response from Scattered Photons	304
8.7	Neutron Shielding with Concrete	304
8.7.1	Concrete Slab Shields	307
8.8	Neutron Albedo	312
8.8.1	Fast Neutron Albedo	312
8.8.2	Intermediate-Energy Neutron Albedo	315
8.8.3	Thermal Neutron Albedo	317
8.8.4	Emission of Secondary Photons During Neutron Reflection	317
8.9	Duct Streaming for Neutrons	318
8.9.1	Straight Ducts	318
8.9.2	Ducts with Bends	320
8.9.3	Empirical and Experimental Results	322
8.10	Neutron Skyshine	322
9	Special Techniques for Charged Particles	333
9.1	Introduction	333
9.2	Alpha and Beta Decay	333
9.2.1	Alpha Decay	333
9.2.2	Beta Decay	334
9.3	Spatial Distribution of the Absorbed Dose	336
9.3.1	Point and Plane Kernels Defined	336
9.3.2	Electron and Beta-Particle Dose Distributions	338
9.4	Applications of the Point-Kernel	342
9.4.1	Line Source of Electrons	342
9.4.2	Plane Isotropic Source of Electrons	344
9.4.3	Volume Source of Electrons	347
9.5	Energy Spectrum of the Fluence	348
9.5.1	CSDA Approximation	349
9.5.2	Fluence Energy Spectra for Electron Sources	349
10	Deterministic Transport Theory	355
10.1	Transport Equation	355
10.1.1	Explicit Form for the Three Basic Geometries	359
10.1.2	Integral Form of the Transport Equation	361
10.1.3	Transport Equation for Photons	365
10.1.4	Transport Equation for Neutrons	368
10.2	Implications of the Transport Equation	371
10.2.1	Existence and Uniqueness	371
10.2.2	Spatially Uniform Flux Density	371

10.2.3	Plane-Density Variations	372
10.2.4	Scaling of Radiation Fields	374
10.2.5	Volume-to-Surface Source Transformation	375
10.3	Approximations to the Transport Equation	377
10.3.1	Exponential Attenuation	378
10.3.2	Diffusion Approximation	380
10.3.3	Multigroup Approximation	384
10.4	Method of Moments	386
10.5	Discrete-Ordinates Method	392
10.6	Integral Transport Method	398
10.6.1	Direct Integration of the Scattering Source Term	400
10.6.2	Implementation	402
11	Monte Carlo Methods for Radiation Transport Calculations	408
11.1	Random and Pseudorandom Numbers	409
11.2	Selection Techniques for Stochastic Variables	411
11.2.1	Selection of Discrete Variables	411
11.2.2	Cumulative Distribution Method for Continuous Variables	412
11.2.3	Rejection Method	413
11.2.4	Composition Method	414
11.2.5	Composition-Rejection Method	415
11.3	Simple Analog Monte Carlo Calculation	415
11.3.1	Geometric Transformations	415
11.3.2	Particle Tracking	416
11.3.3	Scoring	419
11.4	Variance Reduction and Nonanalog Methods	420
11.4.1	Central-Limit Theorem	421
11.4.2	Importance Sampling	421
11.4.3	Truncation Methods	423
11.4.4	Splitting and Russian Roulette	424
11.4.5	Interaction Forcing	424
11.4.6	Exponential Transformation	424
11.4.7	Deterministic Scoring Methods	425
Appendix A:	Constants and Conversion Factors	431
Appendix B:	Mathematical Tidbits	433
B.1	Elliptic Integrals	433
B.2	Sievert or Secant Integral	433
B.3	Exponential Integral Function	435
B.4	Legendre Polynomials	440
B.5	Chandrasekhar's <i>H</i> Function	442
B.6	Dirac Delta Function	443

Appendix C: Cross Sections and Related Data	446
Appendix D: Photon and Neutron Response Functions	468
Appendix E: Photon Buildup and Neutron Attenuation Factors	478
Appendix F: Skyshine Response Functions	498
Appendix G: Fission-Product Source Parameters	506
Appendix H: Photons Emitted by Selected Radionuclides	514
Index	523