American Nuclear Society

REAFFIRMED

November 14, 2017
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February 23, 2012
ANSI/ANS-8.5-1996 (R2012)

use of borosilicate-glass
Raschig rings as a neutron absorber
in solutions of fissile material

an American National Standard

This standard has been reviewed and reaffirmed with the recognition that it may reference other standards and documents that may have been superseded or withdrawn. The requirements of this document will be met by using the version of the standards and documents referenced herein. It is the responsibility of the user to review each of the references and to determine whether the use of the original references or more recent versions is appropriate for the facility. Variations from the standards and documents referenced in this standard should be evaluated and documented.

This standard does not necessarily reflect recent industry initiatives for risk informed decision-making or a graded approach to quality assurance. Users should consider the use of these industry initiatives in the application of this standard.

REAFFIRMED

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American National Standard
Use of Borosilicate-Glass
Raschig Rings as a Neutron Absorber
in Solutions of Fissile Material

Secretariat

American Nuclear Society

Prepared by the American Nuclear Society Standards Committee Working Group ANS-8.5

Published by the American Nuclear Society 555 North Kensington Avenue La Grange Park, Illinois 60526 USA

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American National Standard

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Foreword

(This Foreword is not a part of American National Standard Use of Borosilicate Glass Raschig Rings as a Neutron Absorber in Solutions of Fissile Material, ANSI/ANS-8.5-1996.)

This standard provides guidance for the use of borosilicate-glass Raschig rings as a neutron absorber for criticality control in plants processing fissile materials. It also specifies maximum concentrations of homogeneous solutions of uranium and plutonium in vessels of unlimited size when packed with rings.

This standard was first approved as N16.4-1971, revised as ANSI/ANS-8.5-1979, and again revised as ANSI/ANS-8.5-1986, as a result of the prescribed periodic review. Although the general use of neutron absorbers, including Raschig rings, for criticality control dates back to 1958, some applications were recorded as early as the mid-1940s.

The early experimental data forming the basis for some of the specifications in this standard and a review of the early experience with Raschig rings were reported by Nichols et.al. before the first publication of this standard. Additional data that provides bases for other portions of this standard have also been published."

Changes in this revision of the standard are primarily in two areas. First, references to specific methods of analysis of Raschig ring properties have been removed and collected in the Appendix, to illustrate suggested methods which may be used. Whatever methods are used must be documented and independently reviewed. Second, emphasis has been placed on the use of control Raschig rings and trends in their (non-destructively) measured properties to determine the frequency of maintenance tests. Both of these reflect up-to-date concepts in assuring that the properties needed for criticality safety actually exist, and continue to exist, during service in vessels packed with Raschig rings.

Working Group ANS-8.5 had the following membership during the creation of this revision:

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^{*}J. P. Nichols, C. L. Schuske, and D. W. Magnuson, Use of Borosilicate-Glass Raschig Rings as a Neutron Absorber in Solutions of Fissile Material, Y-DCD-8, Oak Ridge Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, TN, 1971.

^{**}P.B. Adams, "Glass Containers for Ultrapure Solutions," Chapter 14 in *Ultrapurity*, edited by M. Zieff and R. Speights, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1972; and N. Ketzlach, "Proposed Extension of Raschig Ring Standard to Low Enriched Uranium Fuels," *Nuclear Technology*, 42, 65, 1979.

The development of the standard and its maintenance were performed under Subcommittee ANS-8, Fissionable Materials Outside Reactors, of the Standards Committee of the American Nuclear Society. At the time of approval of the revision ANS-8 had the following membership:

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